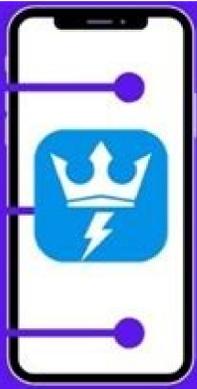


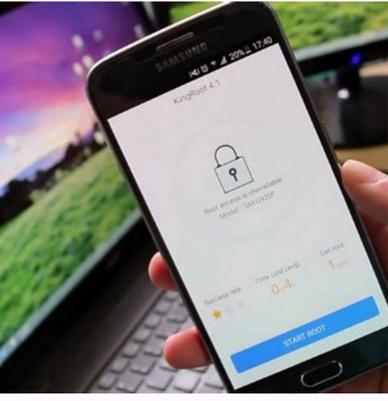
Apps like kingroot

Continue





**KINGROOT**  
ANDROID APP



# HOW TO ROOT MOTOROLA MOTO G5 PLUS WITHOUT PC

dikatekno.com



This graphic features a gold Motorola Moto G5 Plus smartphone on the left. To its right, the text 'HOW TO ROOT MOTOROLA MOTO G5 PLUS WITHOUT PC' is written in white and red on a dark background. Below the text are social media icons for Facebook (a green square with a white hash) and Twitter (a blue square with a white bird). The website 'dikatekno.com' is written in the bottom left corner.

# # SuperSU Free

APPS

LOGS

SETTINGS

## Trust system user

Even processes running as system user need confirmation to gain root

## CLEANUP

## Reinstall

Cleanup for reinstallation from Google Play

## Switch superuser app

Cleanup to switch to another superuser app

## Full unroot

Cleanup for permanent unroot

## GOOGLE PLAY

## All my apps

View all my apps available in the store

## Follow me on Twitter or G+

Stay up to date with my developments

## Enable Pro

Pro features do not work unless you purchase SuperSU Pro

Similar apps like kingroot. Does kingroot really work. Other apps like kingroot. Apps like kingroot for pc. Any apps like kingroot. Is kingroot legit. Alternative to kingroot.

KingRoot is an app that allows you to root your Android device in seconds if the operating system is between Android 4.2.2 and Android 5.1. This means that you can achieve the same result as with a classic towel. Except you can also use it when you have Lollipop. The rooting process is as simple as towelroot. Although the application is entirely in Chinese, just press the blue button and wait. After a few seconds, the app will complete the process and your device will be rooted. It is important to know that KingRoot does not work with all devices. For example, there may be problems with Moto G. However, with Nexus it usually works perfectly. KingRoot is a great way to root Android. However, rooting a device is always a delicate process, so proceed with caution and be aware of the associated risks. Reviewer: Andres Lopez, translated by the Uptodown localization team. KingRoot allows you to remove unwanted software, improve device performance, gain root access, access root apps, or completely customize your Android system, among other things. If you remove KingRoot from your Android, you will lose all the benefits of this tool, including superuser privileges. In some cases, modified applications may stop working or contain errors. KingRoot file size is 13MB. However, this also applies to KingRoot. Please note that rooting apps may vary in size depending on their specifics. KingRoot may stop working if you update your Android version. Currently, mobile device manufacturers are trying to avoid rooting their devices, so you may need to restart the app in order to use it. 3.0.0 2021-02-26 5.4.0 2020-04-05 5.3.8 2020-09-20 5.3.7 2018-07-11 Welcome to the XDA developers root folder. Here you will find rooting guides for most of the devices found on the XDA forums. Learn how to root any Android device, even the best Android phones! If you see your device listed or see an inappropriate link, email Skanda Hazarika (SkandaH Forums) with device information. What is a root? For those new to the world of rooting, getting root basically gives you elevated privileges. With root access, you can change or replace system apps and settings, run specialized apps that require administrator rights, or perform other actions that a normal Android user cannot. By using a proxy server, you can also access certain "hidden" features of your device or use existing features in new ways. DISCLAIMER Rooting your device may void your device's warranty. It can also make your device unstable or, if not done correctly, brick your device completely. Neither XDA-Developers nor the author takes any responsibility for your device. Root at your own risk and only if you understand what you are doing! We can go on and on about the benefits of rooting, but we'll stop for now because we think you're drooling over the possibility of rooting and what you can do with your device after rooting. Continue to the next section to begin your journey. Below are device-specific root guides for the latest flagship models from all major OEMs. Asus For more Asus products, visit the Asus section of our forum. You should be able to find similar custom guides for your device in the device subforums. You can also follow the general root guide in this guide. Microsoft Sr. No. Device Codename and Device Root Forum Guide 1. Microsoft Surface Duo epsilon Click here. For other Microsoft Surface devices, visit the Microsoft section of our forums. You have to know how to find detailed instructions for your device in the device subforums. You can also follow the general rooting guide in this guide. Motorola Senior No. Device Code Name and Device Forum Root Thread Instructions 1. Motorola G100/Edge 5 nio Click here 2. Motorola Edge 20 Pro/Edge S Pro pstar Click here For information on other Motorola devices, visit the Motorola section of our forum. You can find similar detailed manuals for your device in the device subforums. You can also follow the general rooting guide in this guide. Nothing Sir No. Device code name and device root guide on the forum 1. Nothing phone 1 spacewar Click here You can also follow the general root guide in this guide. OnePlus For information about other OnePlus devices, visit the OnePlus section of our forums. You can find similar detailed manuals for your device in the device subforums. You can also follow the general rooting guide in this guide. Samsung For information about other Samsung devices, visit the Samsung section of our forum. You can find similar detailed manuals for your device in the device subforums. You can also follow the general rooting guide in this guide. Sony For information about other Sony Xperia devices, visit the Sony section of our forum. You can find similar detailed manuals for your device in the device subforums. You can also follow the general rooting guide in this guide. Find more devices under the MI, Redmi and POCO brands in the Xiaomi section of our forum. You can find similar detailed manuals for your device in the device subforums. You can also follow the general rooting guide in this guide. Back to top Today, Magisk is the de facto root solution that provides root access by leaving the system partition intact and modifying the boot partition. For this reason, it is called a "systemless" root method. Before working with Magisk, make sure of the following: Have access to a PC/Mac with adb and fastboot installed. The bootloader of the target Android device will be unlocked. For Samsung devices, it will trigger the KNOX bootloader unlock. Step 1: Identify the boot image type Download the latest version of Magisk from the project's GitHub repository. Since the Magisk APK file is hosted outside of the Google Play Store, you may need to enable loading apps from unknown sources first and then manually install the downloaded package. Once installed, open the Magisk app. You should see a screen similar to this: Now we need to note the values of the following parameters: Step 2: Find the boot image To fix the boot image for your device, you need to extract it from the official firmware packages. When using a custom ROM like LineageOS, the flashing ZIP file contains the boot image. Case I: You have access to the recovery flash ZIP file If you have a device that still uses the A partition scheme, you can find the boot.img file directly in the recovery flash ZIP file. Just unzip it using a suitable archiver. Notice the boot.img file in the POCO M3 Recovery ZIP file. However, if the device uses an AB partition scheme, the boot image and other partition images are further packaged into a file named payload.bin as shown below. The Google Pixel 5 recovery zip file contains a payload.bin file. In this case, you must first extract the payload.bin file and then use one of the community-developed payload.bin extractors to extract the boot.img file from it. We strongly recommend using an extractor written in Go, as it is cross-platform and under active development. Known as "Payload-Dumper-Go", this fork even allows end users to extract a single partition image without extracting the entire payload.bin file, which is particularly useful in this usage scenario. First, dump the partition images in payload.bin.payload-dumper-go -l using the -l parameter. Then use the -p option with the name of the boot image (usually saved as "boot") to extract it. Second case: You have access to a factory image that can be flashed in fastboot mode Some OEMs such as Google and Xiaomi provide factory images of their devices that can be flashed in fastboot mode. If you were able to download such a package, the raw boot.img file can be easily extracted from the archive. Boot.img file location in Google Pixel 5 Fastboot firmware Special case: Samsung Galaxy devices do not have the traditional Fastboot interface, so their factory images are packaged differently. Use the Samsung Firmware Downloader to download the factory image for your model. Unzip the unpacked package and find the AP tar file on your device. It is usually named AP\_[device\_model\_sw\_ver].tar.md5. Step 3: Fixing the Boot Image Now that we have the boot image, we need to move on to the fix part. Case I: "Ramdisk" is set to "Yes". Copy the boot image to your device. You can actually fix this on an Android device other than the target device, but you also need to install the Magisk app on another device. On the Magisk tab, click the Install button. Select "Select and Restore File" in the method and select the base boot image. Magisk will patch the image to [Internal Storage]/Download/magisk\_patched\_[random\_strings].img. Copy the patched image to your computer using ADB: adb pull /sdcard/Download/magisk\_patched\_[random\_strings].img Download the patched boot image to your device. For most devices, reboot into fastboot and flash with the following command: fastboot flash boot /path/to/magisk\_patched.img Reboot and enjoy root access! Note that it is possible to flash the boot image using a custom recovery such as TWRP on older devices with a bootable RAM disk, but this method is no longer recommended on modern devices. Having said this, if you have an old phone and want to follow your recovery path, the steps are as follows: Download the Magisk APK file. Rename the APK file extension to ZIP (eg Magisk-v23.0.APK - Magisk-v23.0.ZIP). A flash ZIP file is just like any other regular flashable ZIP file. Note that the module file sepolicy.rule may be stored in the cache partition, so do not delete it. Verify that Magisk is installed. If it doesn't install automatically, install the APK file manually. Case II: "Ramdisk" is set to "No". In this case, look for the recovery.img file from the device's factory image, not the boot.img file. This is because Magisk needs to be installed in the recovery partition, which means you'll have to reboot into recovery every time you want to root. Copy the recovery image to your device (or another device that has Magisk installed). On the Magisk tab, press the Install button. Select the "Select and repair file" method and select the stock recovery image. Magisk will patch the image at [Internal Repository]/Download/magisk\_patched\_[random\_strings].img. Copy the patched image to your computer using ADB: adb pull /sdcard/Download/magisk\_patched\_[random\_strings].img Upload the patched recovery image to your device. For most devices, reboot into fastboot and flash using the following command: fastboot flash recovery /path/to/magisk\_patched.img Reboot. There are three possible scenarios at this stage: Enable Normal: You will end up without Magisk, i.e. without root access. Recovery Key Combination - Welcome Screen - Release All Buttons: The system should boot with Magisk and full root access. Recovery key combinations ■ Home screen ■ Press the Volume Up key: Access recovery mode. Special case: Samsung copy the extracted AP tar file to your device. On the Magisk tab, press the Install button. If your device does not have a bootable RAM disk, make sure Recovery Mode is selected in the options. Select Select a File in Method and select the AP tar file. Magisk will patch all firmware files in [Internal Storage]/Download/magisk\_patched\_[random\_strings].tar Copy the patched tar file to your computer using ADB: adb pull /sdcard/Download/magisk\_patched\_[random\_strings].tar Don't do this. Try copying over MTP as large files are known to corrupt. Restart in download mode. Open Odin on your PC and flash magisk\_patched.tar as AP along with BL, CP and CSC from original firmware. Don't select HOME\_CSC because we want to clear the data. Once the Odin firmware is complete, your device should reboot automatically. Agree to perform a factory reset when prompted. If your device doesn't have a bootable ramdisk, reboot and enable Magisk to recover. Install the latest Magisk app and launch the app. A dialog box should appear prompting you for further configuration. Let it do its job and the app will automatically restart your device. Reboot and enjoy root access! Step 4: Verification The last step is to make sure everything is working properly. Locate the newly installed Magisk app and open it. We want to see the version number next to the "Installed" option. This means you have successfully rooted. Good work! Back to top Several years ago, several universal rooting methods like Kingroot, KingoRoot and others gained popularity as "one-click rooting" methods that promised rooting and related benefits with minimal effort and knowledge. However, as Android matures, these one-click root access methods will no longer apply to modern smartphones and Android devices in 2022. It will seriously endanger your device and cause loss. Almost all of these methods are no longer recommended. For an effective root solution for most Android devices, you need to follow the above steps. We hope that this guide will not only lead you to the right topics about rooting your device, but also general rooting instructions that can be applied to most android devices. We'll be updating this guide with links to future phone-specific guides, so check back in the future.